

# Jewelers Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY

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## Summary of Alarm Check

Jewelry Company \_\_\_\_\_  
Premises Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City, State, Zip \_\_\_\_\_  
Policy/Quote Number \_\_\_\_\_

Alarm Company \_\_\_\_\_ Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Number \_\_\_\_\_ Fax Number \_\_\_\_\_ Email \_\_\_\_\_

1. Will a burglar alarm system certificate be issued by UL?  yes  no If no, go to question #2.  
If yes, what type of UL burglar alarm certificate will be issued?  Central Station (BC)  Mercantile (MR)  
If yes, what level of premises extent protection will be provided?  1  2  3  4  
If yes, what type of line security will be provided?  None  Standard  Encrypted
2. Is all equipment UL listed?  yes  no If no, what equipment is not UL listed? \_\_\_\_\_  
Is all equipment installed to UL specifications?  yes  no If no, explain: \_\_\_\_\_
3. What is the method of burglar alarm transmission? (check all that apply) (see next page for glossary of terms)  
 cellular  internet data network (IP)  
 cellular digital packet data (CDPD)  multiplex  
 derived local channel (Pulsenet)  one-way radio  
 digital communicator with:  line cut  line seizure  transmitter system (McCulloh)  
 direct wire  two-way radio
4. Primary burglar alarm system monitoring facility name & location: \_\_\_\_\_  
If there is a secondary monitoring system, provide alarm company name & location: \_\_\_\_\_  
Are opening and closing signals monitored?  yes  no If no, can signals be monitored?  yes  no  
Are opening and closing signals supervised?  yes  no If no, can signals be supervised?  yes  no
5. Burglar alarm control panel manufacturer: \_\_\_\_\_ Model #: \_\_\_\_\_
6. Motion detection coverage: (check all that apply)  
 all safe(s)  all vault(s)  
 burglar alarm system control panel  
 all areas where inventory/merchandise is kept out of safe(s)/vault(s) while closed to business
7. Detection devices used to protect windows: \_\_\_\_\_
8. Detection devices used to protect perimeter doors: \_\_\_\_\_
9. Safe(s)/vault(s) protection device(s): (check all that apply)  
 door contact switch  capacitance or proximity detector  smoke sensor  
 electronic vibration (EVD) or seismic detector  vault sound alarm detector (VSA)
10. Type and number of hold-up buttons: stationary \_\_\_\_\_ wireless \_\_\_\_\_
11. Is there an exterior shunt switch?  yes  no
12. Is there a local bell or siren?  yes  no
13. Is there a signed annual service and maintenance contract for the burglar alarm system?  yes  no
14. Additional theft protection:  closed circuit television (CCTV) with:  monitors  recording  
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(signature of alarm company representative)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(job title)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(date)

## **GLOSSARY OF TERMS:**

\* Denotes a mode of transmission media that can provide line security.

**UL Certificate** – A certificate issued by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., that serves as evidence that an alarm system meets UL requirements for installation, operation, and maintenance.

**UL Listed** – A term that generally refers to equipment or services that have been tested and evaluated by UL and which are 'Listed' in a UL Directory, at [www.ul.com](http://www.ul.com)

**UL Installation Specifications** - Refer to Standard *UL 681 for Installation and Classification of Burglar and Hold Up Alarm Systems.*

**Derived Local Channel** \* – A system that utilizes the switched telephone network to receive signals from a protected premises and dedicated lines to relay the signal to the central station alarm company. Unlike the digital alarm communicator system, derived local channel allows for continuous supervision of the telephone line without interfering with normal telephone usage. Because of their method of operation, derived local channel systems inherently provide line security.

**Direct Wire System** \* – A system that has a single dedicated circuit from the protected premises to the central station where a separate receiver supervises only that alarm.

**Internet Data Network** \* - IP (Internet Protocol) networks, whether Ethernet or Internet, have rapidly spread from business-only applications. Electronic security installations can utilize these data highways to transmit video, alarm transmissions, access control, and other communications, all by connecting to existing cabling and networks. For intrusion detection systems, IP networks can be used to transmit alarm signals to a central monitoring station. When integrated with video imaging and/or access control, an IP-based security system can provide complete monitoring and control of multiple facilities, while greatly reducing new cable installations and signal transmission costs. If the IP network is already in place there is no extra cost for the alarm systems data to be carried over it.

**Multiplex** \* – A system using a method of signaling characterized by the simultaneous or sequential transmission and reception of multiple signals over a single communication channel, usually telephone lines, and a means of positively identifying each signal.

**Radio Wave Alarm Transmission** \* – A system consisting of a radio transmitter at the protected premises that transmits status signals to receiving antenna(s), which relay the signals to a central station alarm company. In a one-way radio configuration, the central station alarm company does not acknowledge to the protected premises the receipt of the signals; and therefore, one-way radio systems do NOT provide line security. Two-way radio systems, because of their method of operation, inherently do provide line security.

**Cellular Telephone** – The use of stationary cellular telephone equipment to replace or supplement other means of alarm signal communication between the alarm system and the monitoring facility. Line security is NOT available with a cellular telephone system.

**Cellular Digital Packet Data (CDPD)** \* – A wireless Wide Area Network (WAN) that enhances the services provided by cellular carriers. The CDPD network is deployed by eight cellular carriers providing coverage to most parts of the U.S. and is listed for Standard UL service.

**Digital Alarm Communicator System** – A system consisting of a digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) at the protected premises and a digital alarm communicator receiver (DACR) at the monitoring facility. The DACT will contact the DACR through the telephone company's switched network and transmit a message identifying the change in condition at the protected premises. The DACR verifies to the DACT the message has been received. Line security is NOT available with a digital communicator system.

**Transmitter System** \* (aka "McCulloh Loop or System") – A series of individual subscribers (customers) on the same leased telephone line to the central station alarm company, (i.e. like a series of Christmas tree lights).

**Supervised Alarm Service** – A central station monitored alarm system that reports opening and closing, and other activities. Supervision assures that the system is turned on and off, and that only authorized personnel can gain access to the protected premises.

**Shunt Switch** - (aka "shunt circuit") – A key-operated switch at the protected premises that allows the proprietor to temporarily remove the exterior door contact from the protection circuit. This allows the operator to enter the premises without generating an alarm. An exit/entry delay service is preferred over a shunt switch.

**Exit/Entry Delay Device** – A time delay device designed to allow the jeweler to either exit or enter the protected premises and turn off the alarm before an alarm signal is triggered.